HOMEWORK 2 ELEMENTARY STATISTICS & INFERENCE (STAT:2020; BOGNAR)

- 1. Consider the following stem-and-leaf plot (note: the largest number in the dataset is 122).
 - stem | leaves 8 | 2299 9 | 12477 10 | 11 | 12 | 2
 - (a) Does the dataset contain any outliers? If so, which data point(s) is an outlier?
 - (b) Determine the 5-number summary.
 - (c) Compute the range and interquartile range (IQR).
 - (d) Construct a boxplot for this dataset.
 - (e) For this dataset, should centrality be described using the sample mean \bar{x} or sample median Q_2 ? Why?
 - (f) Is this dataset skewed to the left, skewed to the right, or symmetric?
 - (g) Based upon your answer in (1f), do you expect the sample mean \bar{x} to be greater than or less than the sample median Q_2 ? Why?
 - (h) Verify your intuition in part (1g): compute the sample mean \bar{x} and compare to the sample median Q_2 .
- 2. The expenditures (in dollars) of 3 customers at a coffee shop were: 2.25, 2.25, 4.50.
 - (a) Find the sample mean \bar{x} .
 - (b) Find the sample standard deviation s.
 - (c) Find the sample variance s^2 .
- 3. Consider the following dataset: 8, 8, 10, 8, 6.
 - (a) Find the sample mean \bar{x} .
 - (b) Find the sample standard deviation s.
 - (c) Find the sample variance s^2 .
- 4. Suppose a standard 6-sided die is rolled 4 times. How many outcomes are in the sample space S?
- 5. Suppose a 6-sided die (with sides labeled 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6) is rolled 2 times.
 - (a) Write out the sample space S. Note that all outcomes are equally likely.
 - (b) Let A denote the event that a 1 is obtained on the first roll, and let B denote the event that an even is obtained on the second roll. Find P(A and B).
 - (c) Find the probability that the second roll is exactly twice the first roll.
 - (d) Find the probability that the second roll is greater than or equal to the first roll.
- 6. Repeat question (5) when rolling a 4-sided die (with sides labeled 1, 2, 3, 4).