## Homework 2

## Elementary Statistics \& Inference (STAT:2020; Bognar)

1. Consider the following stem-and-leaf plot (note: the largest number in the dataset is 122).
```
stem | leaves
    | | 2299
    9 | 12477
    10 |
    11 |
    12 | 2
```

(a) Does the dataset contain any outliers? If so, which data point(s) is an outlier?
(b) Determine the 5 -number summary.
(c) Compute the range and interquartile range (IQR).
(d) Construct a boxplot for this dataset.
(e) For this dataset, should centrality be described using the sample mean $\bar{x}$ or sample median $Q_{2}$ ? Why?
(f) Is this dataset skewed to the left, skewed to the right, or symmetric?
(g) Based upon your answer in (1f), do you expect the sample mean $\bar{x}$ to be greater than or less than the sample median $Q_{2}$ ? Why?
(h) Verify your intuition in part (1g): compute the sample mean $\bar{x}$ and compare to the sample median $Q_{2}$.
2. The expenditures (in dollars) of 3 customers at a coffee shop were: 2.25, 2.25, 4.50.
(a) Find the sample mean $\bar{x}$.
(b) Find the sample standard deviation $s$.
(c) Find the sample variance $s^{2}$.
3. Consider the following dataset: $8,8,10,8,6$.
(a) Find the sample mean $\bar{x}$.
(b) Find the sample standard deviation $s$.
(c) Find the sample variance $s^{2}$.
4. Suppose a standard 6 -sided die is rolled 4 times. How many outcomes are in the sample space $\mathcal{S}$ ?
5. Suppose a 6 -sided die (with sides labeled $1,2,3,4,5,6$ ) is rolled 2 times.
(a) Write out the sample space $\mathcal{S}$. Note that all outcomes are equally likely.
(b) Let $A$ denote the event that a 1 is obtained on the first roll, and let $B$ denote the event that an even is obtained on the second roll. Find $P(A$ and $B)$.
(c) Find the probability that the second roll is exactly twice the first roll.
(d) Find the probability that the second roll is greater than or equal to the first roll.
6. Repeat question (5) when rolling a 4 -sided die (with sides labeled $1,2,3,4$ ).

