

1. The probability density function of (X, Y) is defined by

$$f_{X,Y}(x, y) = C(x + 2y), \quad 0 < y < 1, \quad 0 < x < 2,$$

and is 0 otherwise.

- Find the value of C .
 - Find the marginal distribution of $f_X(x)$.
 - Find $E(X)$ and $E(XY)$.
 - Find $f_{Y|X}(y|x)$.
 - Find $E(Y|X = x)$.
 - Are X and Y independent? Why or why not?
2. Let X_1 and X_2 be independent random variables with probability density function $f_X(x) = \lambda \exp(-\lambda x)$, $x > 0$.
- Show that the Moment Generating Function of X_1 is

$$E(\exp(X_1 t)) = \frac{1}{1 - t/\lambda}.$$

- Show that the Moment Generating Function of $Z = X_1 + X_2$ is

$$E(\exp(Zt)) = \left(\frac{1}{1 - t/\lambda} \right)^2.$$

- Find $E(Z)$ and $Var(Z)$.

3. You observe data X from a Binomial distribution $X \sim Bin(n, \theta)$, with known n , such that

$$P(X = x|n, \theta) = \binom{n}{x} \theta^x (1 - \theta)^{n-x},$$

and you are interested in the parameter θ . The prior distribution of the parameter θ is Beta distributed with probability density function

$$p(\theta) = \frac{1}{B(\alpha, \beta)} \theta^{\alpha-1} (1 - \theta)^{\beta-1}.$$

Show that the posterior distribution of θ will also have Beta form, and use the formula sheet to find its mean and variance. Explain what happens to the posterior mean (a) as n get large and (b) when α and β are large compared to n .

4. You are preparing for Christmas and have bought 20ft of wrapping paper, and are planning to wrap 10 presents. The average gift requires 2ft of wrapping paper with a standard deviation of 0.5. Use the Central Limit Theorem in order to write down the probability that you will run out of wrapping paper in terms of a standard normal distribution.