

**STAT:1010****Exam 2 Practice Test**

100 possible points

1. The following data describe the length (in mm) of five grasshoppers: 81, 81, 81, 80, 82. What is the sample standard deviation  $s$  of these data?
  - (a) 1.00
  - (b) 0.632
  - (c) 0.400
  - (d) 0.500
  - (e) 0.707
2. You pay \$4 to play a dice game where one 6-sided die is rolled. If you roll a 1 or 2, you get \$4. If you roll a 3 or 4, you get \$7. Otherwise, you get nothing. What is the expected value of the game for you?
  - (a) \$1.33
  - (b) -\$0.33
  - (c) -\$0.66
  - (d) -\$7.66
  - (e) Impossible to determine with the given information
3. Consider a quantitative variable we will call  $X$ . The probability distribution for  $X$  is partially completed below.

$x$	0	1	2	3
$P(X = x)$	0.1	$p$	0.2	0.5

Answer the following two questions: What is  $p$ ? What is  $P(X > 1)$ 

- (a)  $p = 0.2, P(X > 1) = 0.7$
  - (b)  $p = 0.2, P(X > 1) = 0.9$
  - (c)  $p = 0.4, P(X > 1) = 0.7$
  - (d)  $p = 0.4, P(X > 1) = 0.9$
  - (e) None of the above
4. Suppose  $A$  and  $B$  are two events where  $P(A) = 0.2, P(B) = 0.6$ , and  $P(A \text{ or } B) = 0.7$ . What is  $P(A \text{ and } B)$ ?
    - (a) 0.9
    - (b) 0.8
    - (c) 0.1
    - (d) 0.3
    - (e) Impossible to determine with the given information

5. Which of the following is/are true?
- (a) For any event  $A$ ,  $P(A) + P(A') = 0$
  - (b) For any events  $A$  and  $B$ ,  $P(A|B) = 1 - P(A|B')$
  - (c) An *outcome* is a collection of one or more events
  - (d) All of the above
  - (e) None of the above
6. A bowl contains 1 red (R), 1 blue (B), and 3 green (G) chips. Suppose two chips are drawn at random **without** replacement. Given that the first chip is red, find the probability that the second chip is blue (i.e. find  $P(B_2|R_1)$ ).
- (a) 0.200
  - (b) 0.250
  - (c) 0.428
  - (d) 0.800
  - (e) 0.950

7. Consider the following two data sets:

A: 0.02, 0.02, 0.07, 0.05

B: 1.25, 0.32, 1.17, 1.26

Which of the following is/are true?

- (a) The range of A is greater than the range of B
  - (b) The standard deviation of B is more than the standard deviation of A
  - (c) The distribution of B is skewed to the right
  - (d) Both (a) and (b)
  - (e) Both (a) and (c)
8. Consider the following stem and leaf plot:

Stem	Leaves
7	66799
8	
9	5
10	56

Which of the following is true?

- (a)  $Q_1 = 79$  and the distribution is skewed to the right
- (b)  $Q_1 = 76.7$  and the distribution is skewed to the left
- (c)  $Q_3 = 100$  and the distribution is skewed to the left
- (d)  $Q_3 = 79$  and the distribution is skewed to the right
- (e) None of the above

9. Which of the following is true?
- (a) The standard deviation  $s$  can be less than 0
  - (b) The interquartile range can be less than 0
  - (c) If the standard deviation  $s$  equals zero, then all the data *must* equal zero
  - (d) The range is always greater than or equal to the interquartile range
  - (e) None of the above
10. Suppose  $C$  and  $D$  are two events where  $P(C) = 0.5$ ,  $P(D) = 0.2$ , and  $P(C|D) = 0.2$ . Are  $C$  and  $D$  independent? Why?
- (a) Independent because  $P(C|D) = P(D)$
  - (b) Independent because  $P(C|D) \neq P(C)$
  - (c) Not independent because  $P(C|D) = P(D)$
  - (d) Not independent because  $P(C)P(D) \neq P(C|D)$
  - (e) None of the above
11. Suppose that 20% of people wear contact lenses (i.e.  $P(C) = 0.20$ ). If 2 people are randomly selected from this very large population, find the probability that neither wears contact lenses. *Assume independence.*
- (a) 0.04
  - (b) 0.40
  - (c) 0.64
  - (d) 0.80
  - (e) 1.60
12. In reference to question (11) above, if 2 people are randomly selected, find the probability that the first person *or* the second person wears contacts, i.e. find  $P(C_1 \text{ or } C_2)$ .
- (a) 0.04
  - (b) 0.32
  - (c) 0.36
  - (d) 0.40
  - (e) 0.80
13. Consider the following dataset: 2, 7, 8, 10, 13, 22, 22, 25
- Which of the following is/are true?
- (a) IQR=13.75
  - (b) IQR=14.5
  - (c) Mode=11.5
  - (d) Both (a) and (c)
  - (e) None of the above

14. Suppose the mean is equal to 88 in a graph which is skewed to the right. Which of the following is/are true?
- (a) The mode will be less than 88
  - (b) The mode will be more than 88
  - (c) The median will be more than 88
  - (d) Both (b) and (c)
  - (e) None of the above
15. In a college course, suppose the first and second exams are worth 30% each, while the final exam is worth 40%. If a student received an 80 on the first exam, a 65 on the second exam, and a 50 on the final exam, what is his/her overall mean (average)?
- (a) 65.0
  - (b) 80.0
  - (c) 63.5
  - (d) 66.7
  - (e) 59.5
16. Among females in the US, diastolic blood pressures,  $X$ , are normally distributed with mean  $\mu = 77$  mm Hg and standard deviation  $\sigma = 3$  mm Hg. According to the empirical rule, what percentage of women have a diastolic blood pressure *higher* than 80 mm Hg?
- (a) 2.5%
  - (b) 16%
  - (c) 68%
  - (d) 95%
  - (e) 97.5%
17. In reference to question (16) above, what is the standard score for a blood pressure measurement of 70 mm Hg?
- (a) 7.00
  - (b)  $-2.33$
  - (c) 77.00
  - (d) 2.33
  - (e) 1.5

18. Which of the following is/are true?
- (a) If events  $A$  and  $B$  are nonoverlapping (i.e. mutually exclusive), then they must be independent
  - (b) If events  $A$  and  $B$  are nonoverlapping, then  $P(A \text{ or } B) = 0$
  - (c) If events  $A$  and  $B$  are independent, then  $P(A)/P(B) = P(A|B)$
  - (d) If events  $A$  and  $B$  are nonoverlapping, then  $P(A|B) = 0$
  - (e) Both (a) and (d)
19. An insurance company charges \$500 for a life insurance policy. Past experience has shown that 1 in 10,000 policy holders will die, forcing the insurance company to pay \$1,000,000 to the policy holders beneficiary. Also, 1 in 5,000 policy holders will lose a limb, forcing the insurance company to pay \$100,000 to the policyholder. If the policyholder does not die or lose a limb, the company pays out nothing. On average, how much does the insurance company profit per policy?
- (a) \$380.00
  - (b) \$120.00
  - (c) \$175.00
  - (d) \$225.00
  - (e) \$425.00
20. Suppose a die is rolled one time, and then a coin is flipped one time. Consider the following events:
- $A$  = an even is rolled
  - $B$  = a 3 or 5 is rolled
  - $C$  = a head is flipped

Which of the following is/are true?

- (a)  $A$  and  $B$  are nonoverlapping? (i.e. mutually exclusive)
- (b)  $A$  and  $C$  are independent
- (c)  $A$  and  $C$  are nonoverlapping?
- (d) All of the above
- (e) Both (a) and (b)